

Ex4) Worm Gear for Lowering Down

- For worm gear with the following parameters, determine if it is self-locking or not

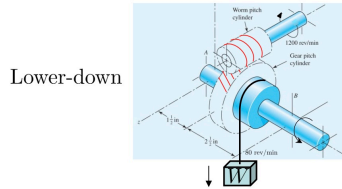
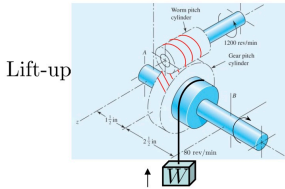
$$d_W = 2 \text{ in}, \mu = 0.1, N_w = 1, p_x = 0.5236, \phi_n = 20^\circ$$

- Compare the torques for lift-up & lower-down

$$d_G = 6 \text{ in}, W = 30 \text{ lbf}, r_{\text{drum}} = 2 \text{ in}$$

Condition for self-locking:

$$\mu \geq \tan \lambda \cos \phi_n$$



$$\tan \lambda = \frac{L}{\pi d_w} = \frac{N_w p_x}{\pi d_w} = \frac{1 \times 0.5236}{\pi \times 2} = 0.0833$$

$$\cos \phi_n = \cos 20^\circ = 0.9397$$

$$\tan \lambda \cdot \cos \phi_n = 0.0833 \cdot 0.9397 = 0.083 < 0.1 = \mu$$

⇒ self-locking

Lift-up torque (from worm gear formula)

$$T_{\text{up}} = W_{\text{fw}} \cdot \frac{d_w}{2} = \frac{W_{\text{aw}}}{W_{\text{fg}}} \cdot \frac{\mu + \cos \phi_n \tan \lambda}{\cos \phi_n - \mu \tan \lambda} \cdot \frac{d_w}{2}$$

$$W \cdot r_{\text{drum}} = W_{\text{fg}} \cdot \frac{d_G}{2}$$

$$W_{\text{fg}} = \frac{r_{\text{drum}}}{r_G} W = \frac{2}{3} \cdot 30 = 20 \text{ lbf}$$

$$T_{\text{up}} = 20 \times \frac{0.1 + \cos 20^\circ \times 0.0833}{\cos 20^\circ - 0.1 \times 0.0833} \times 1 = 3.828 \text{ lb-in}$$

$$T_{\text{down}} = 20 \times \frac{0.1 - \cos 20^\circ \times 0.0833}{\cos 20^\circ + 0.1 \times 0.0833} \times 1 = 0.453 \text{ lb-in}$$