

# Ex 10) Spur Gear Strength: Bending

- Estimate maximum power (kW) the following spur gear (pinion) can transmit at 1200 rpm with safety factor  $n_s = 3$  against yielding due to bending. Assume moderate applications and gear teeth are manufactured by cutting. Use the following parameters as needed.

(AISI 1020 steel with  $S_y = 207$  MPa),

$m = 3$  (module),  $F = 38$  mm (face width),  $N = 16$  teeth,  $\phi = 20^\circ$ ,

$$m = 3, \quad F = 38 \text{ mm}, \quad N = 16, \quad \phi = 20^\circ, \quad S_y = 207 \text{ MPa}$$

$$\text{Allowable stress: } \sigma_{all} = \frac{S_y}{n_s} = \frac{207 \text{ MPa}}{3} = 69 \text{ MPa}$$

$$\text{We want: } \sigma = K_v \frac{W_t P}{F Y} \leq \sigma_{all}$$

Computing  $K_v$ :

$$d \text{ (pitch diameter)} = mN = 3 \times 16 = 48 \text{ mm}$$

$$V = \frac{\pi d n}{1000} = \frac{\pi \times 48 \times 1200}{1000 \times 60} = 3.02 \text{ m/s}$$

$$K_v = \frac{6.1 + V}{6.1} = \frac{6.1 + 3.02}{6.1} = 1.5$$

V: pitch line (linear) velocity [ft/min] or [m/s]

Manufacturing Type	a		b	c
	US	SI		
cast iron, cast profile	600	3.05	1	1
cut or milled profile	1200	6.1	1	1
hobbed or shaped profile	50	3.56	1/2	1
shaved or ground profile	78	5.56	1/2	1/2

For  $N = 16$ , we have  $Y = 0.296$

$$\text{Diametral pitch } P = \frac{1}{m} = \frac{1}{3} \text{ tooth/mm}$$

$$W_t = \frac{F Y \sigma_{all}}{K_v P} = \frac{(38 \times 10^{-3}) \times 0.296 \times 10^6}{1.5 \times \frac{1}{3} \times 100} = 1552 \text{ N}$$

Transmittable power:

$$P_{tr} = W_t \times V = 1552 \times 3.02 = 4687 \text{ W} = 4.667 \text{ kW}$$

Number of Teeth	Y
12	0.245
13	0.261
14	0.277
15	0.290
16	0.296