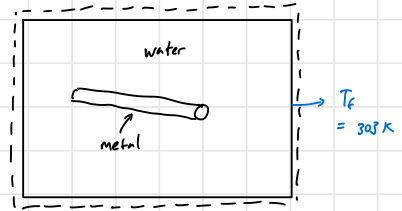
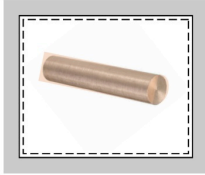


# Example

A 0.3 kg metal bar initially at 1200K is removed from an oven and quenched by immersing it in a closed tank containing 9 kg of water initially at 300K. The final temperature of both the metal bar and water is 303 K. Find the entropy produced during quenching.

- Assume constant specific heat values:
  - $c_{\text{water}} = 4.2 \text{ kJ/kgK}$
  - $c_{\text{metal}} = 0.42 \text{ kJ/kgK}$
- Neglect heat transfer from the tank to surroundings
- Each substance can be modelled as incompressible



$$c_w = 4.2 \text{ kJ/kg} \cdot \text{K}$$

$$m_w = 9 \text{ kg}$$

$$T_{wi} = 300 \text{ K}$$

$$c_m = 0.42 \text{ kJ/kg} \cdot \text{K}$$

$$m_m = 0.3 \text{ kg}$$

$$T_{mi} = 1200 \text{ K}$$

Re-cap → Open → Efficiency → Property

5

neglect heat transfer from system

$$\Delta S_{\text{sys}} = \sum \frac{Q_k}{T_k} + S_{\text{gen}}$$

$$S_{\text{gen}} = \Delta S_{\text{sys}}$$

$$= \Delta S_{\text{water}} + \Delta S_{\text{metal}}$$

$$= m_w c_w \ln\left(\frac{T_f}{T_{wi}}\right) + m_m c_m \ln\left(\frac{T_f}{T_{mi}}\right)$$

$$= 9 [\text{kg}] \cdot 4.2 [\text{kJ/kg} \cdot \text{K}] \ln\left(\frac{303 \text{ K}}{300 \text{ K}}\right) + 0.3 [\text{kg}] \cdot 0.42 [\text{kJ/kg} \cdot \text{K}] \ln\left(\frac{303 \text{ K}}{1200 \text{ K}}\right)$$

$$= 0.3761 [\text{kJ/K}] - 0.1734 [\text{kJ/K}]$$

$$= 0.203 \text{ kJ/K}$$

- Net increase in entropy of system

- Irreversible process